EXHIBIT A



Copycat Legal PLCC V111 for Chriversity Drive State 30° Coral Springs, FL 33065

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FRE 408 SETTLEMENT COMMUNICATION

December 30, 2021

VIA FEDERAL EXPRESS

Ethan and Michelle Adler d/b/a Adler Family Practice 4121 Montgomery Boulevard NE Albuquerque, NM 87109

Ethan and Michelle Adler 1600 Bluffside Place NW Albuquerque, NM 87105

RE: Blaine Harrin ston III v. Ethan Adler and Michelle Adler d/b/a Adler Family Practice

Dear Mr. Adler a. ... ,. / dler:

This law firm represents Blaine Harrington III. I am writing to you because it appears that one or more of our client's copyrighted works was utilized for commercial purposes by you (d/b/a Adler Family Practice)¹ without first obtaining or purchasing a license from our client. Such unauthorized use constitutes federal copyright infringement under 17 U.S.C. § 501 in addition to other claims potentially arising under federal law. This letter is sent pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 408 and is for settlement purposes only. This letter is an attempt to amicably resolve the dispute specified herein prior to initiation of litigation in which damages, costs, and attorneys' fees will be sought. To the extent we cannot resolve this matter privately, please see the enclosed draft Complaint that we intend to have filed in the United States District Court for the District of New Mexico.

Our client is a well-known and highly regarded travel/location photographer based in Denver, CO. Mr. Harrington is a four time SATW Travel Photographer of the Year (in addition to numerous other awards received during his career) and has worked on assignment for most major news, business and travel magazines. With over 45 years in business (including working in Amsterdam, New York, Paris and Zurich), Mr. Harrington has expert knowledge of Europe, as well as most regions of the world. Our client maintains files of over 500,000 images from over seventy-five countries and is continually traveling to add new and updated material to the files.

We were unable to identify any corporate entity that owns and/or operates "Adler Family Practice." If we are incorrect, please let us know the correct corporate name so we can update our file.

Mr. Harrington's travel/location photography is highly sought after and has been published in numerous magazines/travel calendars, including: Business Week, Delta Sky, Endless Vacation, Forbes, Geo, Islands, National Geographic Adventure, National Geographic Traveler, Newsweek, New York Times magazine, Outside, Popular Photography, Ski, Smithsonian, Time, and Travel + Leisure. He was also the travel photography columnist (bi-monthly "On the Road") for Shutterbug Magazine and has numerous corporate clients that have included his work in their marketing/advertising campaigns.

The unauthorized use of our client's work deprives him of much-needed income and forces our client to incur substantial costs (monetary and time) in identifying violators and enforcing his rights.

Our client previously took a professional photograph of the skyline of downtown Albuquerque at sunset. To our knowledge, our client *did not* authorize you or your company to use and/or display the foregoing photograph. Notwithstanding this lack of authorization, we have identified the subject photograph appearing on Adler Family Practice's website (at https://www.adlerfamilypractice.com/). Screenshots of the photograph, together with our client's federally registered copyright information, are attached to and described more fully in the attached draft Complaint.

I encourage you to discuss the foregoing with your attorney and/or your insurance carrier as copyright infringement is a serious matter that potentially exposes you to substantial damages/attorneys' fees if we are forced to file the enclosed lawsuit. Keep in mind that attorneys' fees include those you will be forced to incur to mount a defense (if any) and potentially the attorneys' fees/costs we will incur to pursue the matter (which may be awarded) if our client prevails in court. It is important that you are cognizant of that exposure in deciding how to respond to this letter. Assuming our client prevails in court, 17 U.S.C. § 504(c)(1) provides our client the right to recover statutory damages (for each work that was infringed) "in a sum of not less than \$750 or more than \$30,000 as the court considers just." Further, if the infringement was committed "willfully." the court may increase the award of statutory damages (for each work that was infringed) "to a sum of not more than \$150,000.

Courts in the Tenth Circuit (which covers Colorado, Utah, Wyoming, Kansas, Oklahoma, and New Mexico) have not hesitated (where appropriate) to impose substantial statutory damages against copyright infringers. See, e.g. Stockart.com, LLC v. Engle, Civil Action No. 10-cv-00588-MSK-MEH, 2011 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 20470 (D. Colo. Feb. 18, 2011) (awarding \$240,000.00 in statutory damages for the infringement of 8 images); Live Face On Web, LLC v. Integrity Sols. Grp., Inc., 421 F. Supp. 3d 1051, 1060 (D. Colo. 2019) (in case involving infringement of software code, denying defendant's motion to set aside \$262,197.00 verdict in plaintiff's favor); Shive v. J&C Baseball Clubhouse, Inc., No. CIV 15-0406 JB/JHR, 2018 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 36475 (D.N.M. Mar. 5, 2018) (recommending that court adopt jury award of \$150,000.00 of statutory damages stemming from infringement of registered photograph).

Please keep in mind both that the facts of these cases may be different than those here (thus militating in favor of a higher or lower award here) and that the above amounts do not account for attorneys' fees which are also recoverable under the Copyright Act.

Please note that Section 504 of the Copyright Act provides for the recovery of statutory damages (as explained above) or (at our client's election) actual damages plus "any additional profits of the infringer that are attributable to the infringement and are not taken into account in computing the actual damages." Of course, if forced to litigate this matter, we will fully explore the damages issue and make an election that is most beneficial to our client.

While this is a serious matter, it is not particularly complex. The utilization of our client's work(s) without proper authorization constitutes copyright infringement, and we will either resolve this issue in court (allowing a court to decide the matter) or privately between the parties. To that end, my client's demand is simple:

You shall pay Thirty Thousand Dollars (\$30,000.00) within fourteen (14) days of the date first written above and shall immediately cease and desist from any further use of our client's work(s).

Please contact us within the above-stated period to arrange for payment. If payment is received as described above, we will forego the filing of a lawsuit. Otherwise, please be aware that our client does not shy away from enforcing his rights in court.

This letter is not intended as one in a series of threatening letters on this subject. Rather, we demand that you respond affirmatively and immediately. If we do not receive such from you or otherwise hear from you to arrange payment, we will file the enclosed lawsuit and allow the courts to decide the matter.

Finally, while removing the unlicensed photograph(s) from commercial display is required, please userstand that *removal alone is insufficient to end this matter*. If you do not contact us to any soon payment for your existing/past use of the photograph(s), a lawsuit will be filed and our client will pursue the above-described damages against you.

You should give this matter your immediate attention.

Very truly yours,

Daniel DeSouza, Esq. Shareholder – For the Firm Very truly yours,

James D'Loughy, Esq. Shareholder – For the Firm

DD/da Encl.

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF NEW MEXICO

Case N	lo
BLAINE HARRINGTON III,	
Plaintiff,	
v.	
ETHAN ADLER and MICHELLE ADI d/b/a ADLER FAMILY PRACTICE,	LER
Defendants.	
	COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Blaine Harrington III ("Plaintiff") sues détordants Ethan Adler ("Ethan") and Michelle Adler ("Michelle") d/b/a Adler Family Practice (collegnos), the "Defendants"), and alleges as follows:

THE PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff is an individual who is a citizen of the State of Colorado.
- 2. Ethan is an individual who is a citizen of the State of New Mexico residing at 1600 Bluffside Place NW, Albuquerque, NM 87105.
- 3. Michelle is an individual who is a citizen of the State of New Mexico residing at 1600 Bluffside Place NW, Albuquerque, NM 87105.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 4. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331 and 1338(a).
- 5. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Defendants because they maintained sufficient minimum contacts with New Mexico such that the exercise of personal jurisdiction over

them would not offend traditional notions of fair play and substantial justice.

Defendants or their agents reside or may be found in this district. "A defendant 'may be found' in any judicial district to which he would be subject to personal jurisdiction." Allison v. Wise, 621 F. Supp. 2d 1114, 1118 (D. Colo. 2007); see also McGregor v. In Tune Music Grp., No. 15-62044-CIV-ZLOCH, 2016 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 190302, at *11 (S.D. Fla. July 29, 2016) ("In other words, 'if a court has personal jurisdiction over the defendants in a copyright infringement action, venue in that court's district is proper.") (quoting Store Decor Div. of Jas Int'l, Inc. vestwex Worldwide Indus., Ltd., 767 F. Supp. 181, 185 (N.D. III. 1991).

FACTS

I. Plaintiff's Business

- 7. Plaintiff is a well-known and highly regarded travel/location photographer based in Denver, CO, a four time SATW Travel Photographer of the Year (in addition to numerous other awards received during his career), and has worked on assignment for most major news, business and travel magazines.
- With over 45 years in business (including working in Amsterdam, New York, Paris and Zurich). Plaintiff has expert knowledge of Europe, as well as most regions of the world. He maintains files of the countries and is continually traveling to add now analypedated material to the files.
- 9. Plaintiff's travel/location photography is highly sought after and has been published in numerous magazines/travel calendars, including: Business Week, Delta Sky, Endless Vacation, Forbes, Geo, Islands, National Geographic Adventure, National Geographic Traveler, Newsweek, New York Times magazine, Outside, Popular Photography, Ski, Smithsonian, Time, and Travel +

Leisure. He was also the travel photography columnist (bi-monthly "On the Road") for Shutterbug Magazine and has numerous corporate clients that have included his work in their marketing/advertising campaigns.

II. The Work at Issue in this Lawsuit

10. In 2012, Plaintiff created a professional photograph of the skyline of downtown Albuquerque at sunset titled "20121008_NM-TEX_2051" (the "Work"). A copy of the Work is exhibited below.



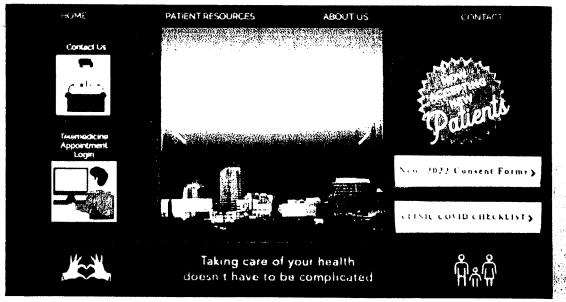
- 11. The Work was registered by Plaintiff with the Register of Copyrights on March 5, 2013 and was assigned Registration No. VAu 1-132-209. A true and correct copy of the Certification of Registration pertaining to the Work is attached hereto as **Exhibit "A."**
 - 12. Plaintiff is the owner of the Work and has remained the owner at all times material

hereto.

III. Defendants' Unlawful Activities

- 13. Defendants (who are each nurse practitioners) jointly own and operate "Adler Family Practice," a primary care facility located in Albuquerque, NM.
- 14. Defendants advertise/market their "Adler Family Practice" business primarily through their website (https://www.adlerfamilypractice.com/).
- 15. On a date after Plaintiff's above-referenced copyright registration of the Work, Defendants published the work on the "Adler Family Practice" website (at https://www.adlerfamilypractice.com/) as one of the rotating title/banner images thereon:





- 16. A true and correct copy of screenshots of Defendants' website, displaying the copyrighted We at ached hereto as **Exhibit "B."**
 - 17. Defendants are not and have never been licensed to use or display the Work.

Defendants never contacted Plaintiff to seek permission to use the Work in connection with their business or for any other purpose.

- 18. Defendants utilized the Work for commercial use namely, in connection with the marketing of their nurse practitioner business.
- 19. Upon information and belief, Defendants located a copy of the Work on the internet and, rather than contact Plaintiff to secure a license, simply copied the Work for their own commercial use.
- 20. Through his ongoing diligent efforts to identify unauthorized use of his photographs, Plaintiff discovered Defendants' unauthorized use/display of the Work in December 2021. Following Plaintiff's discovery, Plaintiff notified Defendants in writing of such unauthorized use. To date, Plaintiff has been unable to negotiate a reasonable license for the past/existing infringement of his Work.

COUNT 1 – COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT

- 21. Plaintiff re-alleges and incorporates paragraphs 1 through 20 as set forth above.
- 22. The Work is an original work of authorship, embodying copyrightable subject matter, that is subject to the full protection of the United States copyright laws (17 U.S.C. § 101 et seq.).
- 23. Plaintiff owns a valid copyright in the Work, having registered the Work with the Register of Copyrights and owning sufficient rights, title, and interest to such copyright to afford Plaintiff standing to bring this lawsuit and assert the claim(s) herein.
- 24. As a result of Plaintiff's reproduction, distribution, and public display of the Work, Defendants had access to the Work prior to their own reproduction, distribution, and public display of the Work on their website.

25. Defendants reproduced, distributed, and publicly displayed the Work without authorization from Plaintiff.

26. By their actions, Defendants infringed and violated Plaintiff's exclusive rights in violation of the Copyright Act, 17 U.S.C. § 501, by reproducing, distributing, and publicly displaying the Work for their own commercial purposes.

27. Defendants' infringement was willful as they accept with actual knowledge or reckless disregard for whether their conduct infringed upon Plaintiff's copyright.

Plaintiff has been damaged as a direct and proximate result of Defendants' 28. infringement.

Plaintiff is entitled to recover his actual damages resulting from Defendants' 29. unauthorized use of the Work and, at Plaintiff's election (pursuant o 17.U.S.C. § 504(b), Plaintiff is entitled to recover damages based on a disgorgement of Defendants' profits from infringement of the Work, which amounts shall be proven at trial.

30. Alternatively, and at Plaintiff's election; Plaintiff is entitled to statutory damages pursuant to 17.45.6. § 504(c), in such amount as deemed proper by the Court.

Pursuant to 17 U.S. & 505, Plaintiff is further entitled to recover his costs and fees as a result of Defendants' conduct. attorneys'

Defendants' conduct has caused and any continued infringing conduct will continue 32. to cause irreparable injury to Plaintiff unless enjoined by the Court. Plaintiff has no adequate remedy at law. Pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 502, Plaintiff is entitled to a permanent injunction prohibiting infringement of Plaintiff's exclusive rights under copyright law.

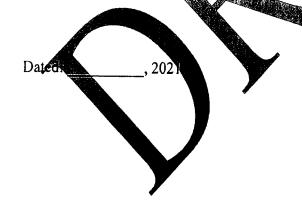
WHEREFORE, Plaintiff demands judgment against Defendants as follows:

a. A declaration that Defendants have infringed Plaintiff's copyrights in the Work:

- b. A declaration that such infringement is willful;
- c. An award of actual damages and disgorgement of profits as the Court deems proper or, at Plaintiff's election, an award of statutory damages for willful infringement up to \$150,000.00 for each infringement of the Work;
- d. Awarding Plaintiff its costs and reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to 17 U.S.C. § 505;
- e. Awarding Plaintiff interest, including prejudgment interest on the foregoing amounts;
- f. Permanently enjoining Defendants, their employees, agents, officers, directors, attorneys, successors, affiliates, subsidiaries and assigns, and all those in active concert and participation with Defendants, from directly or indirectly infringing Plaint is s copyrights or continuing to display, transfer, advertise, reproduce, or otherwise market any works derived or copied from the Work of to participate or assist in any such activity; and
- g. For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper

Demand For Jury Trial

Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all issued so triable?



COPYCAT LEGAL PLLC 3111 N. University Drive Suite 301 Coral Springs, FL 33065 Telephone: (877) 437-6228 dan@copycatlegal.com james@copycatlegal.com

By: <u>/s/</u>

Daniel DeSouza, Esq. Florida Bar No.: 19291 James D'Loughy, Esq. Florida Bar No.: 0052700

(to be admitted pro hac vice)

EXHIBIT "A"

Certificate of Registration



This Certificate issued under the seal of the Copyright Office in accordance with title 17. United States Code, attests that registration has been made for the work identified below. The information on this certificate has been made a part of the Copyright Office records.

V

VAu 1-132-209
Effective date of

Registration Number

registration: March 5, 2013

Register of Copyrights, United States of America

Date:

March 5, 2013

Title · Title of Work: Blaine Harrington III Photography 20120116-20121129 12,692 Unpublished Photos Completion/Publication Year of Completion: 2012 Author Blaine Harrington III Author: Author Created: photograph(s) Work made for hire: No Citizen of: United States Domiciled in: United States Copyright claimant Copyright Claimant: Blaine Harrington III 7533 South Overlook Way, Littleton, CO, 80128, United States Limitation of copyright claim Material excluded from this claim: text, jewelry design, architectural work, 2-D artwork, sculpture, map New material included in claim: photograph(s) Rights and Permissions Name: Blaine Harrington III Email: blaincharr@comcast.net Telephone: 303-932-9062 Address: 7533 South Overlook Way Littleton, CO 80128 United States Certification Name: Blaine G. Harrington III

EXHIBIT "B"



ADLER FAMILY PRACTICE Albuquerque's Family Owned Primary Care Clane. Since 2015

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